

STIC Database Tracking Number: 112891

TO: Sheridan Snedden Location: REM/3B76

Art Unit: 1653 January 28, 2004

Case Serial Number: 09/889519

From: P. Sheppard

Location: Remsen Building

Phone: (571) 272-2529

sheppard@uspto.gov

Search Notes		
		-
÷		
		-

SEARCH REQUEST FORM U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office 79298

Requestor's Shecidan Snedden Serial Number: 09/889,519	
Name: heridan Inedden Number: 09/889,519	
Date: $\frac{1/28/2004}{25000}$ Phone: $\frac{2-0959}{2-0959}$ Art Unit: $\frac{1/653}{2}$	
Search Topic: Please write a detailed statement of search topic. Describe specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Define any t that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors keywords, etc., if known. For sequences, please a a copy of the sequence. You may include a copy of the broadest and/or most relevant claim(s).	
Please Search Compounds	
(II) and (II) where Rs 15	,
Ps: D sec-butyl alkyl, substituted a unsubstituted	
^	
(3) alkenyl, "	
(4) aralkyl, " or "	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
6 - H	
$(TV) \xrightarrow{Q} R_{5}$ $(TV) \xrightarrow{R_{5}}$	
See also attached shet	
CTAPE HEE ONLY	
STAFF USE ONLY Date completed: 1/28/04 Search Site Vendors	
Search Site Vendors Searcher: STIC IG Suite	
Terminal time: CM-1 STN	
Elapsed time: Pre-S Dialog CPU time: APS APS	
CPU time: Type of Search APS Total time: N.A. Sequence Geninfo	
Number of Searches: A.A. Sequence SDC	•
Number of Databases: DARC/Q	uestel

_ Other

Bibliographic

6-2

* "=> fil hcaplus

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:41:15 ON 28 JAN 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

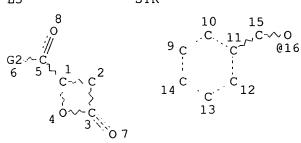
Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 28 Jan 2004 VOL 140 ISS 5 FILE LAST UPDATED: 27 Jan 2004 (20040127/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> =>

=> d stat que 112



VAR G2=OH/16 NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

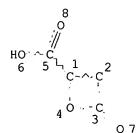
RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 16

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L5 75 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3

L7 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

```
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RSPEC I
NUMBER OF NODES IS
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L8
             23 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL L7
L9
             52 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 NOT L8
L10
             19 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L8
             67 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         PLU=ON
                                                 L9
L11
              8 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 AND L11
L12
=>
=>
=> d ibib abs hitrn 112 1-8
L12 ANSWER 1 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2002:640602 HCAPLUS
                         137:353339
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         Influence of structural parameters on the ring-opening
TITLE:
                         polymerization of new alkyl malolactonate monomers and
                         on the biocompatibility of polymers therefrom
                         Bizzarri, Ranieri; Chiellini, Federica; Ober, Chris
AUTHOR(S):
                         K.; Saltzman, W. Mark; Solaro, Roberto
                         Department of Chemistry and Industrial Chemistry,
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         University of Pisa, Pisa, 56126, Italy
                         Macromolecular Chemistry and Physics (2002),
SOURCE:
                         203(10/11), 1684-1693
                         CODEN: MCHPES; ISSN: 1022-1352
                         Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH
PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
                         English
LANGUAGE:
     The geometry of several alkyl malolactonate monomers was investigated by
     NMR and semiempirical computational methods. The results obtained by both
     techniques indicated that the geometry of the malolactone ring is almost
     independent of the nature of the side ester group. 13C NMR anal. of the
     polymer backbone stereochem. ruled out the occurrence of stereoelective
     processes in the polymn. of racemic monomers. The obsd. influence of the
     bulkiness of the alkyl group on the polymn. rate was therefore attributed
     to steric interactions between this group and the polymer growing end.
     Preliminary in-vitro investigation of cell adhesion and proliferation on
     the surface of homopolymers and copolymers of the investigated alkyl
     malolactonates suggested a possible correlation between polymer
     hydrophobicity and biocompatibility.
IT
     76653-40-2P 182230-36-0P 404568-03-2P
     404568-04-3P 404568-05-4P 404568-06-5P
     RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)_
        (investigation of structural parameters of alkyl malolactonate monomers
        and effect of monomer structure on their ring-opening polymn. on the
        biocompatibility of polymers therefrom)
IT
     76652-44-3 90730-97-5
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (monomer; investigation of structural parameters of alkyl malolactonate
        monomers and effect of monomer structure on their ring-opening polymn.
        on the biocompatibility of polymers therefrom)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                         53
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
```

```
L12 ANSWER 2 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
                         2000:672254 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         134:197932
TITLE:
                         Poly(.beta.-malic acid) homo- and copolymers synthesis
                         and their use for the preparation of nanoparticles
                         Cammas-Marion, S.; Escalup, R.; Gref, R.; Provost, L.;
AUTHOR(S):
                         Guerin, P.; Ponchel, G.
                         Laboratoire de Recherche sur les polymeres, UMR CNRS
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         C7581, Universite Paris Valde Marne, Thiais, 94230,
SOURCE:
                         Proceedings of the International Symposium on
                         Controlled Release of Bioactive Materials (2000),
                         27th, 650-651
                         CODEN: PCRMEY; ISSN: 1022-0178
PUBLISHER:
                         Controlled Release Society, Inc.
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Polyesters of poly(.beta.-malic acid alkyl esters) were prepd. and
     nanoparticles prepd. from them. High drug loading of halofantrine in the
     polyester nanoparticles was achieved.
     76653-40-2P 327604-90-0P 327614-59-5P
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (poly(.beta.-malic acid) homo- and copolymers synthesis and their use
        for the prepn. of nanoparticles)
                               THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         1
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L12 ANSWER 3 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
                         2000:513497 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         133:120677
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         Preparation of UCK 14A2 derivatives as proteasome
TITLE:
                         inhibitors
                         Yamaguchi, Hiroyuki; Asai, Akira; Mizukami, Tamio;
INVENTOR(S):
                         Yamashita, Yoshinori; Akinaga, Shiro; Ikeda,
                         Shun-ichi; Kanda, Yutaka
                         Kyowa Hakko Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         PCT Int. Appl., 115 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         Japanese
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                 KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     WO 2000043000
                     A1
                           20000727
                                          WO 2000-JP247
                                                            20000120
        W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU,
             CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL,
             IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD,
             MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK,
             SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ,
             BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,
             DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,
             CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                     AA 20000727
                                          CA 2000-2359561 20000120
    CA 2359561
                            20020102
                                           EP 2000-900834
                                                            20000120
     EP 1166781
                      A1
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                                                        A 19990120
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        JP 1999-12391
```

JP 1999-288539 A 19991008

WO 2000-JP247 W 20000120

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 133:120677

GΙ

AB The title compds. R1(A)p(CH2)nX1(CH2)mX2COCH(OR3)CH(R5)COR4 [A = CHR2; m and n are each independently an integer of 0 to 10; p is 0 or 1; R1 is hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkyl, or the like; and R2 is hydrogen, COR13, etc.; further details on R1 and R2 are given; R13 is hydroxy, substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy, etc.; X1 is a bond, substituted or unsubstituted alkylene, substituted or unsubstituted cycloalkylene, etc.; X2 is oxygen, sulfur, etc.; R3 is hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, etc.; and R4 is hydroxyl, mercapto, substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy, etc., or R3 and R4 together represent a bond; and R5 is hydrogen, substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, substituted or unsubstituted alkenyl, etc.] are prepd. The title compd. I in vitro showed IC50 of 0.05 .mu.M against proteasome. Formulations are given.

IT 284484-00-0P 284484-01-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (prepn. of UCK 14A2 derivs. as proteasome inhibitors)

IT 177019-47-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. of UCK 14A2 derivs. as proteasome inhibitors)

IT 284484-25-9P 284484-28-2P 284484-29-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of UCK 14A2 derivs. as proteasome inhibitors)

REFERENCE COUNT:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L12 ANSWER 4 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:698876 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:38756

TITLE: Synthesis and polymerization of benzyl

8

(3R, 4R) - 3-Methylmalolactonate via enzymic preparation

of the chiral precursor

AUTHOR(S): Bear, Marie-Maud; Monne, Claire; Robic, Daniel;

Campion, Genevieve; Langlois, Valerie; Rimbault,

Alain; Bourbouze, Richard; Guerin, Philippe

Laboratoire de Physico-Chimie des Biopolymeres, UMR 27

CNRS-Universite Paris XII, Thiais, F-94320, Fr.

SOURCE: Chirality (1998), 10(8), 727-733

CODEN: CHRLEP; ISSN: 0899-0042

PUBLISHER: Wiley-Liss, Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

.beta.-Methylaspartate ammonia-lyase, EC 4.3.1.2, (.beta.-methylaspartase) . . AB from Clostridium tetanomorphum was used to produce a 40/60 molar ratio of (2S, 3R) - and (2S, 3S) - 3-methylaspartic acids, 2a2a and 2b, resp., from mesaconic acid 1 as substrate, on a large scale. To prep. (3R, 4R)-3-methyl-4-(benzyloxycarbonyl)-2-oxetanone (benzyl 3-methylmalolactonate) 6, 2a and 2b were transformed, in the first step, into 2-bromo-3-methylsuccinic acids 3a and 3b and sepd. After three further steps, (2S,3S)-3a yielded the .alpha.,.beta.-substituted .beta.-lactone (3R,4R) 6 with a very high diastereoisomeric excess (>95% by chiral gas chromatog.). The corresponding cryst. polymer, poly[benzyl .beta.-(2R,3S)-3-methylmalate] 8, prepd. by an anionic ring opening polymn., was highly isotactic as detd. by 13C NMR. Catalytic hydrogenolysis of lactone 6 yielded (3R,4R)-3-methyl-4-carboxy-2-oxetanone (3-methylmalolactonic acid) 7, to which reactive, chiral, or bioactive mols. can be attached through ester bonds leading to polymers with possible therapeutic applications. Because of the ability of beta.-methylaspartase to catalyze both syn- and anti-elimination of ammonia from (2S,3RS)-3-methylaspartic acid 2ab at different rates, the (2S, 3R)-stereoisomer 2a was retained and isolated for further reactions. These results permit the use of the chemoenzymic route for the prepn. of both optically active and racemic polymers of 3-methylmalic acid with well-defined enantiomeric and diastereoisomeric compns. TT RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of; by catalytic hydrogenolyis of benzyl (3R,4R)-3methylmalolactonate) IT 197010-19-8P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis and polymn. of benzyl (3R,4R)-3-Methylmalolactonate via enzymic prepn. of chiral precursor) IT 216576-95-3P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (synthesis and polymn. of benzyl (3R, 4R)-3-methylmalolactonate via enzymic prepn. of chiral precursor) 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L12 ANSWER 5 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1997:379482 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:81855 Polymers of malic acid conjugated with the 1-adamantyl TITLE: moiety as lipophilic pendant group Moine, Laurence; Cammas, Sandrine; Amiel, Catherine; AUTHOR(S): Guerin, Philippe; Sebille, Bernard CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratoire de Physico-Chimie des Biopolymeres, UMR 27 CNRS, Universite Paris XII, Thiais, 94320, Fr. SOURCE: Polymer (1997), 38(12), 3121-3127 CODEN: POLMAG; ISSN: 0032-3861 PUBLISHER: Elsevier DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE: Ethyladamantyl malolactonate and butyladamantanamide malolactonate werē prepd., starting from malic acid, following the usual synthesis route described for different malolactonic acid esters. Despite the steric hindrance of both adamantyl groups, the three-step synthesis led to the corresponding lactones with a quite good yield and high purity. Otherwise, ethyladamantyl malolactonate has been obtained by chem. modification of the lateral carboxylic acid function of malolactonic acid. Both ethyladamantyl malolactonate and butyladamantanamide malolactonate

Snedden 09 889519 the molar ratio 5/95. After deprotection of the benzyl protecting groups by catalytic hydrogenolysis, the corresponding poly(.beta.-malic acid-co-ethyladamantyl .beta.-malate) displays a water soly. 90730-97-5, Malolactonic acid IT RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. of polymers of malic acid conjugated with the 1-adamantyl moiety as lipophilic pendant group) 191938-08-6DP, deprotected 191938-08-6P, Benzyl IT malolactonate-Ethyladamantyl malolcatonate copolymer RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of polymers of malic acid conjugated with the 1-adamantyl moiety as lipophilic pendant group) THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 16 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L12 ANSWER 6 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:201873 HCAPLUS 124:344800 DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: 4-Carboxy-2-oxetanone as a new chiral precursor in the preparation of functionalized racemic or optically active poly(malic acid) derivatives Leboucher-Durand, Marie-Agnes; Langlois, Valerie; AUTHOR(S): Guerin, Philippe Lab. Physico-Chimie Biopolymeres, Univ. Paris XII, CORPORATE SOURCE: Thiais, F-94320, Fr. Polymer Bulletin (Berlin) (1996), 36(1), 35-41 SOURCE: CODEN: POBUDR; ISSN: 0170-0839 PUBLISHER: Springer DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE: Racemic and optically active 4-carboxy-2-oxetanones were prepd., starting from racemic (R)-4-benzyloxycarbonyl-2-oxetanone by catalytic hydrogenolysis of the lateral benzyl protecting group. This new .beta.-substituted-.beta.-lactone (malolactonic acid), which was considered as totally unstable due to the presence of a carboxyl group, was isolated, characterized, and prepd. in large quantities. Coupling reaction of the liberated -COOH was exemplified by using 2,4,5-trichlorophenol as activating agent and chloramphenicol as bioactive mol., which were bound to malolactonic acid and then copolymd. by anionic ring opening polymn. in the presence of 4-benzyloxycarbonyl-2-oxetanone. This new route conducts to activated derivs. of poly(malic acid) and polymeric drug carriers patterns. 176903-10-9P 176903-12-1P ΙT RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (carboxyoxetanone as chiral precursor in prepn. of functionalized racemic or optically active malic acid copolymers) IT 76652-44-3 99494-21-0 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (carboxyoxetanone as chiral precursor in prepn. of functionalized racemic or optically active malic acid copolymers) IT 177019-47-5P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (carboxyoxetanone as chiral precursor in prepn. of functionalized racemic or optically active malic acid copolymers) 90730-97-5P, Malolactonic acid RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

ΙT

(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(monomer; carboxyoxetanone as chiral precursor in prepn. of functionalized racemic or optically active malic acid copolymers)

L12 ANSWER 7 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:21770 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:21770

Snedden 09 889519 'TITLE: Selective INEPT as an NMR tool for studying repeat unit distribution and stereosequences in poly(.beta.-malic acid) copolymers Guerin, P.; Girault, J. P.; Caron, A.; Francillette, AUTHOR(S): J.; Vert, M. CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Chim. Biol. Macromol., Univ. Rennes I, Rennes, 35700, Fr. Macromolecules (1992), 25(1), 143-8 SOURCE: CODEN: MAMOBX; ISSN: 0024-9297 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE: A 1-dimensional NMR technique, namely selective INEPT for selective insensitive nuclear enhancement by polarization transfer, recently developed for spectral assignment and structural characterization of org. compds., was used for peak assignments in poly(.beta.-malic acid) which was methylated or partially esterified with benzyl alc. then methylated, or partially or totally hydrogenated poly(benzyl .beta.-malate) (I). By comparing the carbonyl NMR resonances of copolymers with different comonomer sequence distributions, it is confirmed that partially hydrogenated I were block copolymers. Selective INEPT NMR was also used to assign carbonyl C atom resonances of optically active stereocopolymers of L-(S)- and D-(R)-benzyl malolactonates. Therefore, selective INEPT, which was used for the 1st time to make peak assignments in copolymers and stereocopolymers, appeared to be a fruitful means of analyzing comonomer sequence distribution provided that repeating units were sensitive to closest neighbors. ΙT 88928-81-8DP, hydrogenated, esterified with benzyl alc. or methylated 97332-00-8DP, methylated or partially benzylated 137257-54-6P RL: PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and selective polarization-transfer NMR study of structure of) L12 ANSWER 8 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1985:437799 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: 103:37799 DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: Preparation and properties of poly beta-(L-malic acid) and its benzyl ester: functional polyesters of potential biomedical importance Wojcik, Ronald Thomas AUTHOR(S): Univ. Massachusetts, Amherst, MA, USA CORPORATE SOURCE: (1984) 382 pp. Avail.: Univ. Microfilms Int., Order SOURCE: No. DA8500149 From: Diss. Abstr. Int. B 1985, 45(10), 3248 DOCUMENT TYPE: Dissertation LANGUAGE: English AB Unavailable 76653-40-2P 97332-00-8P IT RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and properties of, as potential biomedical material) => select hit rn 112 1-8 E1 THROUGH E26 ASSIGNED

=> fil reg FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:41:49 ON 28 JAN 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

* *STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 27 JAN 2004 HIGHEST RN 642407-31-6 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 27 JAN 2004 HIGHEST RN 642407-31-6

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> =>

=> d ide can 113 1-26

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 404568-06-5 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, 2-[(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl ester, polymer with phenylmethyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI) (CA-INDEX NAME)

MF (C11 H10 O4 . C10 H12 O6)x

CI PMS

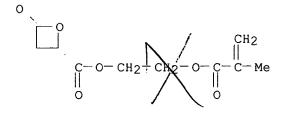
PCT Polyacrylic, Polyester, Polyester formed

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

CM 1

CRN 404567-92-6 CMF C10 H12 O6



CM 2

CRN 76652-44-3 CMF C11 H10 O4

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:353339

REFERENCE 2: 136:263566

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 404568-05-4 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, 2-methoxyethyl ester, polymer with phenylmethyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF (C11 H10 O4 . C7 H10 O5)x

CI PMS

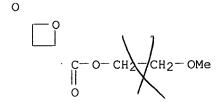
PCT Polyester, Polyester formed

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

CM 1

CRN 404567-91-5 CMF C7 H10 O5



2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:353339 $\iota \omega^{\nu}$

REFERENCE 2: 136:263566

L13 ANSWER 3 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 404568-04-3 REGISTRY

CN Cholest-5-en-3-ol (3.beta.)-, 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate, polymer with phenylmethyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF (C31 H48 O4 . C11 H10 O4)x

CI PMS

PCT Polyester, Polyester formed

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

CM 1

CRN 404567-90-4 CMF C31 H48 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

0

CRN 76652-44-3 CMF C11 H10 O4

O C-O-CH₂-Ph

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:353339

REFERENCE 2: 136:263566

L13 ANSWER 4 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 404568-03-2 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, 3-methyl-2-butenyl ester, polymer with phenylmethyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF (C11 H10 O4 . C9 H12 O4) \times

CI PMS

PCT Polyester, Polyester formed, Polyvinyl

SR CA

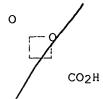
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

CM 1

CRN 404567-84-6 CMF C9 H12 O4

CM 2

CRN 90730-97-5 CMF C4 H4 O4



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:197932 (700)

L13 ANSWER 6 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN **327604-90-0** REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, polymer with hexyl 4-oxo-2-

oxetanecarboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, hexyl ester, polymer with

4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylic acid (9CI)

MF (C10 H16 O4 . C4 H4 O4) \times

CI PMS

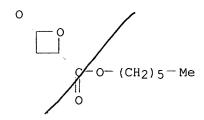
PCT Polyester, Polyester formed

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

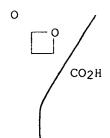
CM 1

CRN 327604-80-8 CMF C10 H16 O4



CM 2

CRN 90730-97-5 CMF C4 H4 O4



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 134:197932 (W)

L13 ANSWER 7 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 284484-29-3 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 3-(2-methyl-2-propenyl)-4-oxo-, (2R,3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

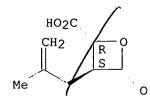
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C8 H10 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1

133:120677

7000

L13 ANSWER 8 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 284484-28-2 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 3-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, (2S,3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

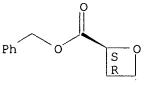
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C15 H18 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry.



i-Bu

Save. Mrentu

0

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:120677 (700)

L13 ANSWER 9 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 284484-25-9 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 3-(2-methyl-2-propenyl)-4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, (2R,3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

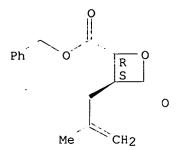
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C15 H16 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

T REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:120677

L13 ANSWER 10 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 284484-01-1 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 3-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-, (2S,3R)- (9CI) (CA

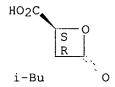
INDEX NAME)
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C8 H12 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:120677

L13 ANSWER 11 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 284484-00-0 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 3-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-, (2R,3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C8 H12 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry.

HO₂C

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 BEFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE) REFÉRENÇÈS IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE

133:12067

RÉGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ANSWER 12 OF 26 L13

REGISTRY RN 216576-95-3

2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 3-methyl-4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, (2R-cis)-, CN homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF (C12 H12 O4)x

CI **PMS**

Polyester, Polyester formed PCT

SR CA

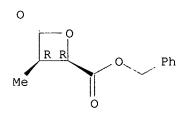
STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

RELATED POLYMERS AVAILABLE WITH POLYLINK

CM

CRN 197010-19-8 CMF C12 H12 O4

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 130:38756

ANSWER 13 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L13

RN 216576-94-2 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 3-methyl-4-oxo-, (2R,3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

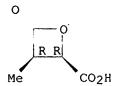
FS STEREOSEARCH

C5 H6 O4 MF

SR

CA, CAPLUS LC STN Files:

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 130:38756

L13 ANSWER 14 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 197010-19-8 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 3-methyl-4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, (2R,3R)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 3-methyl-4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, (2R-cis)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

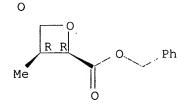
MF C12 H12 O4

CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:17901

REFERENCE 2: 131:341858

REFERENCE 3: 130:38756

REFERENCE 4: 127:293731

L13 ANSWER 15 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

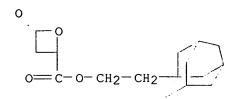
RN **191938-08-6** REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, polymer with 2-tricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-1-ylethyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI) (CAINDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, 2-tricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]dec-1-ylethyl ester, polymer with phenylmethyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI) OTHER NAMES:

Benzyl malolactonate-ethyladamantyl malolactonate copolymer CN (C16 H22 O4 . C11 H10 O4) \times MF CI **PMS** Polyester, Polyester formed PCT CA SR LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS CM 1 CRN 191938-04-2 CMF C16 H22 O4



- 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 4 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
- 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 135:153453

REFERENCE 2: 132:208383

REFERENCE 3: 129:4944

REFERENCE 4: 127:81855

L13 ANSWER 16 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 182230-36-0 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, 3-methyl-3-butenyl ester, polymer with phenylmethyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, polymer with 3-methyl-3-butenyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI)

MF (C11 H10 O4 . C9 H12 O4)x

CI PMS

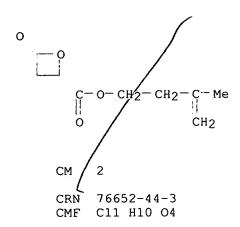
PCT Polyester, Polyester formed, Polyvinyl

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

CM 1

CRN 182230-27-9 CMF C9 H12 O4



О ___O ___ C— O— CH₂— Ph

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:353339

REFERENCE 2: 136:263566

REFERENCE 3: 125:249178

L13 ANSWER 17 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 177019-47-5 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, (2R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, (R)-

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C4 H4 O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

O R CO2H

^{**}PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT**

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 133:120677

REFERENCE 2: 124:344800

L13 ANSWER 18 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 176903-12-1 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, 2-[(dichloroacetyl)amino]-3-hydroxy-3-(4-nitrophenyl)propyl ester, polymer with phenylmethyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, polymer with 2-[(dichloroacetyl)amino]-3-hydroxy-3-(4-nitrophenyl)propyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI)

MF (C15 H14 C12 N2 O8 . C11 H10 O4)x

CI PMS

PCT Polyester, Polyester formed

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 176903-11-0

CMF C15 H14 C12 N2 O8

CM 2

CRN 76652-44-3 CMF C11 H10 O4

С—О—СН₂— Ph

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 124:344800

L13 ANSWER 19 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 176903-10-9 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, polymer with

```
2,4,5-trichlorophenyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, 2,4,5-trichlorophenyl ester, polymer
     with phenylmethyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI)
MF
     (C11 H10 O4 . C10 H5 C13 O4)x
CI
     PMS
     Polyester, Polyester formed
PCT
SR
LC
     STN Files:
                CA, CAPLUS
     CM
          1
          176903-09-6
     CRN
     CMF C10 H5 C13 O4
          2
     CM
          76652-44-3
     CRN
          C11 H10 O4
     CMF
               1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
               1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
REFERENCE
            1: 124:344800
L13
     ANSWER 20 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
RN
     137257-54-6 REGISTRY
     2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, (R)-, polymer with
CN
     (S)-phenylmethyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
CN
     2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, (S)-, polymer with
     (R)-phenylmethyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI)
FS
     STEREOSEARCH
     (C11 H10 O4 . C11 H10 O4) x
MF
CI
PCT
     Polyester, Polyester formed
SR
LC
     STN Files:
                  CA, CAPLUS
     CM
          99494-21-0
     CRN
```

CMF C11 H10 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.

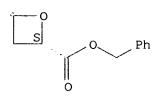
0

CM 2

CRN 88904-00-1 CMF C11 H10 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.

0



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 116:21770

L13 ANSWER 21 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN **99494-21-0** REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Benzyl (R)-malolactonate

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C11 H10 O4

CI COM

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMINFORMRX

Absolute stereochemistry.

0

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

5 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 124:344800

```
REFERENCE
           2: 120:163839
REFERENCE
           3: 106:120326
            4: 106:120242
REFERENCE
REFERENCE
            5: 104:6283
L13 ANSWER 22 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
    97332-00-8 REGISTRY
RN
     2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
DR
    137257-53-5
MF
     (C4 H4 O4)x
     PMS
CI
PCT
    Polyester, Polyester formed
SR
    CA
     STN Files: CA, CAPLUS
LC
**RELATED POLYMERS AVAILABLE WITH POLYLINK**
    CM
          1
    CRN 90730-97-5
    CMF C4 H4 O4
0
       CO2H
               2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
               1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
               2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
REFERENCE
           1: 116:21770
REFERENCE
           2: 103:37799
L13 ANSWER 23 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
    90730-97-5 REGISTRY
RN
    2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
    Malic acid, .beta.-lactone (6CI)
OTHER NAMES:
     4-0xo-2-oxetanecarboxylic acid
CN
CN
    Malolactonic acid
    3D CONCORD -
FS
    137257-52-4
DR
MF
    C4 H4 O4
CI
    COM
LC
     STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER
```

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

0

CO₂H

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

- 7 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 3 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
- 7 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
- 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:353339

REFERENCE 2: 133:182803

REFERENCE 3: 132:322157

REFERENCE 4: 127:81855

REFERENCE 5: 124:344800

REFERENCE 6: 123:170439

REFERENCE 7: 54:37583

L13 ANSWER 24 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN **88928-81-8** REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, (S)-, homopolymer

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF (C11 H10 O4)x

CI PMS

PCT Polyester, Polyester formed

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

RELATED POLYMERS AVAILABLE WITH POLYLINK

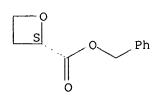
CM 1

CRN 88904-00-1

CMF C11 H10 O4

Absolute stereochemistry.

0



- 3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 1 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
- 3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 116:21770

```
2:
               106:120242
REFERENCE
                100:91272
REFERENCE
            3:
L13 ANSWER 25 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
RN
     76653-40-2 REGISTRY
     2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, homopolymer (9CI)
CN
     (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
     (R,S)-Benzyl malolactate homopolymer
CN
CN
     Benzyl .beta.-malolactonate homopolymer
     Benzyl malolactone homopolymer
CN
     Benzyl-.beta.-D,L-malolactonate homopolymer
CN
     Poly(4-benzyloxycarbonyl-2-oxetanone)
CN
CN
     Poly(benzyl malolactonate)
     129868-82-2, 88849-68-7
DR
     (C11 H10 O4)x
MF
CI
     PMS
PCT
     Polyester, Polyester formed
     STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
**RELATED POLYMERS AVAILABLE WITH POLYLINK**
     CM
     CRN
          76652-44-3
     CMF C11 H10 O4
0
              29 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
               8 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
              29 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
            1: 139:351035
REFERENCE
REFERENCE
            2:
                138:137702
                137:353339
REFERENCE
            3:
REFERENCE
            4:
                136:263566
REFERENCE
            5:
                134:197932
                132:251523
REFERENCE
            6:
REFERENCE
            7:
                131:286898
                130:312192
REFERENCE
            8:
REFERENCE
            9:
                129:4944
```

REFERENCE 10:

128:308870

ANSWER 26 OF 26 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L13 RN **76652-44-3** REGISTRY 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME) OTHER NAMES: Benzyl .beta.-malolactonate CN Benzyl 2-oxetanone-4-carboxylate CN CN Benzyl malolactonate CN Benzyl-.beta.-D, L-malolactonate FS 3D CONCORD 129868-81-1, 88849-67-6 DR C11 H10 O4 MF CI COM STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMINFORMRX, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL LC 0

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

20 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

20 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:288060

REFERENCE 2: 137:353339

REFERENCE 3: 133:63846

REFERENCE 4: 132:137864

REFERENCE 5: 131:356030

REFERENCE 6: 130:312192

REFERENCE 7: 128:308870

REFERENCE 8: 128:196596

REFERENCE 9: 128:116529

REFERENCE 10: 128:114044

=> fil hcaplus

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:12:10 ON 28 JAN 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December

```
26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications.
The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the
the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching
databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing
of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is
strictly prohibited.
                                VOL 140 ISS 5
FILE COVERS 1907 - 28 Jan 2004
FILE LAST UPDATED: 27 Jan 2004
                                (20040127/ED)
 This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate
 substance identification.
=>
=>
=> d stat que 116 nos
L3
L5
             75 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3
L7
             23 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL L7
\Gamma8
             52 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 NOT L8
L9
             19 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L8
L10
             67 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         PLU=ON
                                                 L9
L11
             8 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
L12
                                         PLU=ON
                                                 L10 AND L11
             17 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                                 L10 AND PD=<JULY 18, 2001
                                         PLU=ON
L14
                                                L14 NOT L12
             10 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON
L16
=>
=>
=> d ibib abs hitrn 116 1-10
L16 ANSWER 1 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
                         2001:-1-39459 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                       135:5286 /
                       Evidence for .alpha.-lactone intermediates in addition
TITLE:
                         of aqueous bromine to disodium dimethyl-maleate and
                         -fumarate
                         Robinson, James J.; Buchanan, J. Grant; Kinsman,
AUTHOR(S):
                         Richard G.; Mahon, Mary F.; Williams, Ian H.;
                         Charlton, Michael H.
                         Department of Chemistry, University of Bath, Bath, BA2
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         7AY, UK
                         Chemical Communications (Cambridge, United Kingdom) (
SOURCE:
                         2001), (5), 485-486
                         CODEN: CHCOFS; ISSN: 1359-7345
PUBLISHER:
                         Royal Society of Chemistry
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
                         English
LANGUAGE:
     Crystallog. anal. of the bromo-.beta.-lactones obtained by addn. of
AB
     bromine to aq. solns. of disodium 2,3-dimethylmaleate and
     2,3-dimethylfumarate reveals stereochemistries opposite to those
     originally assigned and suggests that the first-formed intermediate in
     each case is an .alpha.-lactone.
     340829-88-1 340829-89-2
TT
     RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); FORM (Formation,
     nonpreparative)
        (correction of literature assignment; evidence for .alpha.-lactone
        intermediates in addn. of aq. bromine to disodium dimethylmaleate and
        -fumarate)
                               THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
```

REFERENCE COUNT:

38

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:419441 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:182803

TITLE:

Design of malolactonic acid esters with a large spectrum of specified pendant groups in the engineering of biofunctional and hydrolyzable

polyesters

AUTHOR(S):

Cammas-Marion, Sandrine; Guerin, Philippe

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Laboratoire de Recherche sur les Polymeres, Thiais, 94

320, Fr.

SOURCE:

Macromolecular Symposia (2000), 153 (Recent

Advances in Ring Opening (Metathesis) Polymerization),

167-186

CODEN: MSYMEC; ISSN: 1022-1360

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

A review with 26 refs. The development of multimeric functionalized macromols. with the strict adjustment of their structure and their properties, aimed at biol. applications, leads to complex architecture and puts on the diversification of hydrolyzable polymers. Poly(.beta.-malic acid) derivs. are very good candidates in the prepn. of smart mols. for a large spectrum of applications in the release of bioactive mols., due to the presence of a lateral carboxylic acid function besides stereogenic centers in the repeating units and main chain cleavable bonds. The opportunity for accessing to these structures comes from mastery of the corresponding functionalized .beta.-substituted .beta.-lactones synthesis. Two different synthesis routes have been established and the functional pendant groups is attached at the step preceding the lactone formation. third way consists in the synthesis of malolactonic acid which is reacted with a specific mol. in presence of a coupling reagent. It is therefore possible to dispose of an important wealth of monomers and to tailor-make polymeric materials having a well-defined compn. Multimeric structures have been elaborated aimed at degradable micelles from block copolymers, nanoparticles starting from hydrophobic polyesters, biomimetic architecture for interacting with fibroblast growth factors and amphiphilic assocg. polymers for hydrogel networks. Biodegradable graft copolymers have been elaborated for bioactive mols. encapsulation and bioartificial membranes, including cholesterol and diacylglycerol, have been tailor-made.

90730-97-5DP, Malolactonic acid, polymers

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(design of malolactonic acid esters with a large spectrum of specified pendant groups in the engineering of biofunctional and hydrolyzable polvesters)

REFERENCE COUNT:

26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 3 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:201732 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:322157

TITLE:

4-Alkyloxycarbonyl-2-oxetanones and

3-alkyl-4-alkyloxycarbonyl-2-oxetanones as versatile chiral precursors in the design of functionalized

polyesters with a controlled architecture

AUTHOR(S):

Cammas-Marion, Sandrine; Guerin, Philippe

Laboratoire de Recherche sur les Polymeres, UMR C7581 CORPORATE SOURCE:

CNRS, Universite Paris XII Val de Marne, Thiais,

94320, Fr.

SOURCE:

Designed Monomers and Polymers (2000), 3(1),

77-93

CODEN: DMPOF3; ISSN: 1385-772X

PUBLISHER: VSP BV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

AB The necessity for accessing a very large variety of high-mol.-wt. racemic and optically active polyesters aimed at biomedical or chem. applications has led to the growth of a large series of racemic and optically active 4-alkoxycarbonyl-2-oxetanones and 3-alkyl-4-alkoxycarbonyl-2-oxetanones. Different synthesis routes established by the authors to prep. these monomers according to the bound ester group structure and the required enantiomeric or diastereomeric excess are reviewed with 32 refs. The major interest in this enlarged monomer family lies in the possibility of having at one's disposal .beta.-substituted .beta.-lactones with very strict control of the stereogenic center configuration.

IT 90730-97-5DP, 4-Oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylic acid, alkyl esters

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(chiral precursors in design of functionalized polyesters with

controlled architecture)

REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L16 ANSWER 4 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:996640 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:37707

TITLE: Liquid delivery compositions

INVENTOR(S): Yewey, Gerald L.; Krinick, Nancy L.; Dunn, Richard L.;

Radomsky, Michael L.; Brouwer, Gerbrand; Tipton,

Arthur J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Atrix Laboratories, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	rent	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON N	ο.	DATE				٠,
WO	9527	481		· A	 1	1995	1019		W	0 19	95-U	s379	2	1995	0327	<		
	W:	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	
		GB,	GE,	HU,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LK,	LR,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	
٠		MG,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NL,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	
		ТJ,	TM															
	RW:					UG,												
		LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ΒJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	ĢN,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	
		SN,	TD,	TG														
CA	2187	353		A		1995												
	9521				_	1995			A	U 19	95-2	1294		1995	0327	<		
	6849										•							
	7540								E.	P 19	95-9	1420	2	1995	0327	<		
EΡ	7540					2001												
						DK,												SE
	9507					1997												
	0951															<- <i>-</i>		
	1125								E.	P 20	01-1	1173	5	1995	0327			
EP	1125			A	-	2003												
						DK,										MC,	PT,	ΙE
	2099					2001												
	7540					2002												
	2171					2002												
	5759					1998			_					1995				
US	5780	044		A		1998	0714		U	S 19	96-7	6101	5	1996	1205	<		

```
US 1997-871492
                                                             19970609 <--
                            19980428
     US 5744153
                       Α
                                         US 1994-225140 A 19940408
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                          A3 19950327
                                         EP 1995-914202
                                                          W 19950327
                                         WO 1995-US3792
                                         US 1995-487979
                                                          B1 19950607
     Improved biocompatible liq. delivery compns., which ar useful for the
AB
     formation of sustained release delivery systems for active agents, are
     provided. The compns. include liq. formulations of a biocompatible
     polymer or prepolymer in combination with a controlled release component.
     The controlled release component includes an active agent. These compns.
     may be introduced into the body of a subject in liq. from which then
     solidify or cure in situ to form a controlled release implant or a film
     dressing. The liq. delivery compns. may also be employed ex situ to
     produce a controlled release implant. Methods of forming a controlled release implant and employing the liq. formulations in the treatment of a
  subject are also provided.
    171866-63-0
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (liq. controlled release drug delivery systems)
L16 ANSWER 5 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
                         1995:649881 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         /123:170439
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         Tailor-making of multimeric poly(.beta.-malic acid)
TITLE:
                         derivatives: Property adjustment through ester pendant
                         groups
                         Cammas, S.; Leboucher, M. A.; Renard, I.; Boutault,
AUTHOR(S):
                         K.; Guerin, Ph.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         URA CNRS 1467, Ecole Nationale Superieure de Chimie de
                         Rennes, Rennes, 35700, Fr.
                         Studies in Polymer Science (1994),
SOURCE:
                         12 (Biodegradable Plastics and Polymers), 534-40
                         CODEN: SPLSEA; ISSN: 0922-5579
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Journal
                          English
LANGUAGE:
     Biodegradable high mol. wt. polymers and copolymers were prepd. using
     various ester derivs. of .beta.-malolactone.
     90730-97-5DP, Malic acid .beta.-lactone, esters, polymers
     RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of biodegradable polymalolactonates)
L16 ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1995:320149 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         (123:198258)
TITLE:
                          Synthesis of Novel Thiol-Containing Citric Acid
                          Analogs. Kinetic Evaluation of These and Other
                          Potential Active-Site-Directed and Mechanism-Based
                          Inhibitors of ATP Citrate Lyase
AUTHOR(S):
                          Dolle, Roland E.; Gribble, Andy; Wilkes, Tracey;
                          Kruse, Lawrence I.; Eggleston, Drake; Saxty, Barbara
                          A.; Wells, Timothy N. C.; Groot, Pieter H. E.
                          Departments of Medicinal Chemistry and Cellular
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                          Pharmacology, SmithKline Beecham Pharmaceuticals Ltd.,
                          Welwyn/Welwyn, AL6 9AR, UK
                          Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1995)
SOURCE:
                          38(3), 537-43
                          CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
                         American Chemical Society
PUBLISHER:
                         Journal
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         English
LANGUAGE:
```

GI

Ι HO₂CCH₂

AB ATP citrate lyase is an enzyme involved in mammalian lipogenesis and cholesterogenesis. Inhibitors of the enzyme represent a potentially novel class of hypolipidemic agents. Citric acid analogs, e.g. I, (.+-.)-HO2CCH2C(OH)C(CO2H)CHClCO2H, bearing electrophilic and latent electrophilic substituents were synthesized and evaluated as irreversible inhibitors of ATP citrate lyase. The design of these agents was based on the classical enzymic mechanism where an active-site nucleophile (thiol) was believed to be critically involved in catalysis. Reversible inhibition (Ki's ranging from ca. 20 to 500 .mu.M) was obsd. for some of these compds. Some of the compds., e.g. I, had no appreciable affinity for the enzyme (Ki > 1 mM). Time-dependent inactivation of the enzyme was not detected following long incubation times (>1 h, 37 .degree.C) at 2 mM inhibitor concns.

168037-32-9 IT

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(synthesis of citric acid analogs as inhibitors of ATP citrate lyase)

L16 ANSWER 7 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1986:90089 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

104:90089 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Acrylic adhesives TITLE:

INVENTOR(S): Takahashi, Shin; Kimura, Kaoru

Toa Gosei Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 60199085	A2	19851008	JP 1984-54488	19840323 <
JP 04055470	B4	19920903		

JP 1984-54488 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: 19840323

Two-component adhesives contain mixts. of polyurethane (meth)acrylates, AΒ (meth)acrylic acid or its esters, and peroxy esters, and mixts. contg. accelerators forming redox systems with peroxy esters. Thus, a substrate was coated with a mixt. of 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate (I)-polyoxypropylene triol-TDI copolymer tartrate 50, I 50, methacrylic acid 10, and tert-BuOOBz 4 parts. Another substrate was coated with a mixt. of 80 parts C2HCl3 and 20 parts Nocceler 8 and bonded with the 1st layer to give a laminate with setting time 20 s, tensile shear strength 227 kg/cm2, impact strength 32 kg/cm2, and peel strength 11 kg/25 mm.

IT 100494-60-8

> RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (adhesives, two-component)

L16 ANSWER 8 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1983:438304 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

99:38304 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Chlorocitric acids

Guthrie, Robert W.; Kierstead, Richard W.; Mennona, INVENTOR(S):

Francis A.; Sullivan, Ann C.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Hoffmann-La Roche, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 23 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 4,312,885.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

E

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4365070	А	19821221-	US 1981-312041	19811016 <
US 4312885	A	19820126	US 1978-973504	19781226 <
ZA 7906685	А	19801126	ZA 1979-6685	19791210 <
AT 3851	E	19830715	AT 1979-105314	19791221 <
US 4352758	А	19821005	US 1981-290988	19810807 <
US 4443619	A	19840417	US 1981-290989	19810807 <
US 4340754	A	19820720	US 1981-304282	19810921 <
US 4354039	A	19821012	US 1981-304407	19810921 <
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:		US 1978-973504	19781226
			CH 1979-10580	19791128
			EP 1979-105314	19791221

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 99:38304

GΙ

AB Isomeric lactones I were prepd. Thus, tri-Na trans-aconitate was treated with Cl2 to give (.+-.)-threo-I which was resolved with brucine. At 69 mg/kg orally in rats (+)-threo-I depressed food intake to 35% of controls.

IT 85548-57-8P 85548-58-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn., esterification and appetite depressant activity of)

IT 168037-32-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn., resoln., and appetite depressant activity of)

L16 ANSWER 9 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1981:83631 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

94:83631

TITLE:

Citric acid derivatives and corresponding

threo-.beta.-lactones

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Hoffmann-La Roche, F., und Co. A.-G., USA Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

r: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 55089243	A2	19800705	JP 1979-167731	19791225 <
JP 01010496	B4	19890222		

US	4312885	Α	19820126	US 1978-973	504 19781226 <
FI	7903976	A	19800627	FI 1979-397	6 19791218 <
FI	67073	В	19840928		
FI	67073	С	19850110		
AU	7954009	A1	19800703	AU 1979-540	09 19791219 <
AU	527139	B2	19830217		
CA	1138470	A1	19821228	CA 1979-342	235 19791219 <
IL	59015	A1	19831031	IL 1979-590	15 19791220 <
DK	7905540	A	19800627	DK 1979-554	0 19791221 <
DK	154641	В	19881205		
DK	154641	С	19890508		
NO	7904232	A	19800627	NO 1979-423	2 19791221 <
МО	153491	В	19851223		
МО	153491	С	19860402		•
	16867	A1	19801015	EP 1979-105	314 19791221 <
EP	16867	В1	19830622		
	R: AT, BE, C	H, DE,		IT, LU, NL, SE	
	22374	0	19820528	ни 1979-но2	203 19791221 <
	179987	В	19830128		
	3851	E	19830715	AT 1979-105	
	487247	A1	19801101		
	492727	A1	19810601	ES 1980-492	
PRIORITY	APPLN. INFO.:			US 1978-973504	
				СН 1979-10580	
				EP 1979-105314	19791221

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 94:83631

GΙ

AB cis- Or trans-aconitic acid trialkali metal or trialk. earth metal salts were treated with Cl2 or HOCl to give the salts of (.+-.)-threo-chlorocitric acid .beta.-lactone (I), which were hydrolyzed with acids to give (.+-.)-threo-chlorocitric acid (II); ring cleavage of epoxyaconitic acid (III) by alkali metal chlorides or alk. earth metal chlorides in aq.media in the presence of acids gave (.+-.)-erythro-chlorocitric acid (IV). (+), (-), And (.+-.)-I, II, and IV are antiobesity agents and appetite stimulants. Thus, 58 g trans-aconitic acid and aq. NaOH gave the tri-Na salt, which was chlorinated by Cl2 at 10-15.degree. to give 41.5 g (.+-.)-I. Hydrolysis of this by HCl 1 h at 70.degree. gave 34 g (.+-.)-II. Epoxidn. of cis-aconitic anhydride by NaOH, 30% H2O2 and Na tungstate gave (.+-.)-erythro-III, which was treated with HCl and NaCl 15 min at 75.degree. to give (.+-.)-IV, resoln. of which with (-)-p-O2NC6H4CHMeNH2 gave (-)- and (+)-IV.

IT 76432-75-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and hydrolysis of)

L16 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1960:37583 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 54:37583
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 54:7345d-f

TITLE: Angular dependence of electron-coupled proton

interactions in CH2 groups

```
Gutowsky, H. S.; Karplus, Martin; Grant, D. M.
AUTHOR(S):
                          Univ. of Illinois, Urbana
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                          Journal of Chemical Physics (1959), 31,
SOURCE:
                          1278-89
                          CODEN: JCPSA6; ISSN: 0021-9606
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Journal
                          Unavailable
LANGUAGE:
     Studies are described of the dependence upon HCH angle of the
AR
     electron-coupled proton-proton interactions in CH2 groups. In the
     theoretical treatment a valence-bond approxn. is used which predicts that
     the coupling constant Agem. HH (I) decreases from 32 to 0 cycles for HCH
     angles of 100.degree. to 125.degree.. For angles greater than 125.degree., I is predicted to be neg. Good agreement was obtained
     between theoretical and exptl. coupling consts., obtained from analyses of
     the proton magnetic resonance spectra of a number of compds. including
     partially deuteriated species. For the substituted ethylenes, I was found
     to vary from 3.2 to -1.8 cycles, AcisHH values ranged from 6.9 to 12
     cycles, and AtransHH from 14.3 to 18.4 cycles. The results indicate that
     the value of the coupling constant can be used as a measure of the \operatorname{HCH}
     angle.
     90730-97-5, Malic acid, .beta.-lactone
ΙT
        (electron-coupled proton interactions in CH2 group of, angle and)
=>
=>
=> select hit rn 118 1-8
E27 THROUGH E31 ASSIGNED
=> fil reg
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:12:36 ON 28 JAN 2004
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 American Chemical Society (ACS)
Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file
provided by InfoChem.
STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES:
                           27 JAN 2004 HIGHEST RN 642407-31-6
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 27 JAN 2004
                                        HIGHEST RN 642407-31-6
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2003
  Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
  conducting SmartSELECT searches.
Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.
Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more
information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer
to the file summary sheet on the web at:
http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html
=>
=>
=> s e27-e31
             1 76652-44-3/BI
                  (76652-44-3/RN)
```

1 76653-40-2/BI

1 250375-83-8/BI

(76653-40-2/RN)

```
(250375-83-8/RN)
             1 191792-09-3/BI
                 (191792-09-3/RN)
             1 211368-81-9/BI
                 (211368-81-9/RN)
             5 (76652-44-3/BI OR 76653-40-2/BI OR 250375-83-8/BI OR 191792-09-3
L19
               /BI OR 211368-81-9/BI)
=> d ide can 119 1-5
     ANSWER 1 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     250375-83-8 REGISTRY
RN
     2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, 1-methylpropyl ester, polymer with
CN
     phenylmethyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate and 2-propenyl
     4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
     2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, 2-propenyl ester, polymer with
     1-methylpropyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate and phenylmethyl
     4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI)
     2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, polymer with
CN
     1-methylpropyl 4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate and 2-propenyl
     4-oxo-2-oxetanecarboxylate (9CI)
     (C11 H10 O4 . C8 H12 O4 . C7 H8 O4) \times
MF
CI
PCT
     Polyester, Polyester formed, Polyvinyl
SR
                  CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
LC
     STN Files:
     CM
          1
     CRN
          250375-82-7
         C8 H12 O4
     CMF
0
            Me
     CM
          2
          182230-28-0
     CRN
     CMF C7 H8 O4
0
     CM
         . 3
     CRN 76652-44-3
```

CMF C11 H10 O4

O C-O-CH₂- Ph ...

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:114460

REFERENCE 2: 134:212664

REFERENCE 3: 132:137864

REFERENCE 4: 131:356030

L19 ANSWER 2 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN **211368-81-9** REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 2-[(acetyloxy)methyl]-3-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, (2S,3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

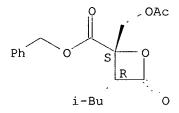
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C18 H22 O6

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE

1; 129:175968

L19 ANSWER (3 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 191792-09-3 REGISTRY

CN 2,2-Oxetanedicarboxylic acid, 3-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-, bis(phenylmethyl) ester, (R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C23 H24 O6

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 127:81790

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 76653-40-2 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (R,S)-Benzyl malolactate homopolymer

CN Benzyl .beta.-malolactonate homopolymer

CN Benzyl malolactone homopolymer

CN Benzyl-.beta.-D,L-malolactonate homopolymer

CN Poly(4-benzyloxycarbonyl-2-oxetanone)

CN Poly(benzyl malolactonate)

DR 129868-82-2, 88849-68-7

MF (C11 H10 O4)x

CI PMS.

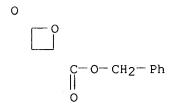
PCT Polyester, Polyester formed

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

RELATED POLYMERS AVAILABLE WITH POLYLINK

CM 1

CRN 76652-44-3 CMF C11 H10 O4



29 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

8 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

29 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 139:351035

REFERENCE 2: 138:137702

REFERENCE 3: 137:353339

Snedden 09 889519

4: 136:263566 REFERENCE 134:197932 REFERENCE 5: REFERENCE 132:251523 REFERENCE 7: 131:286898 REFERENCE 8: 130:312192 129:4944 REFERENCE 9: REFERENCE 10: 128:308870 ANSWER 5 OF 5 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L19 **76652-44-3** REGISTRY RN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, phenylmethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME) OTHER NAMES: CN Benzyl .beta.-malolactonate Benzyl 2-oxetanone-4-carboxylate CN Benzyl malolactonate CN Benzyl-.beta.-D, L-malolactonate CN 3D CONCORD FS 129868-81-1, 88849-67-6 DR C11 H10 O4 MF CI COM STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CHEMINFORMRX, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL LC 0 **PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT** 20 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE) 2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA 20 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE) REFERENCE 1: 138:288060 REFERENCE 2: 137:353339 REFERENCE 3: 133:63846 REFERENCE 132:137864 REFERENCE 5: 131:356030 130:312192 REFERENCE 6: REFERENCE 7: 128:308870 128:196596 REFERENCE 8:

REFERENCE

9: 128:116529

REFERENCE 10: 128:114044

Page 38

=> fil hcaplus FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:13:02 ON 28 JAN 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 28 Jan 2004 VOL 140 ISS 5 FILE LAST UPDATED: 27 Jan 2004 (20040127/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

VAR G2=OH/16 NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RSPEC I NUMBER OF NODES IS 16

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L5 75 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3
L7 STR

HO -C 1 C 2 4 O -C 3 O 7

```
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RSPEC I
NUMBER OF NODES IS 8

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE
L8 23 SEA FILE=R
```

L8 23 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L5 SSS FUL L7
L9 52 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L5 NOT L8
L10 19 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L8
L11 67 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L9

L12 8 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 AND L11

L15 60 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 AND PD=<JULY 18, 2001

L17 53 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L15 NOT L12

L18 8 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L17 AND PATENT/DT

=> d ibib abs hitrn 118 1-8

L18 ANSWER 1 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:84864 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:137864

TITLE: Biocompatible polymers, preparation method and

compositions containing same

INVENTOR(S): Barritault, Denis; Caruelle, Jean-pierre

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 127 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.			KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
WO				A1 20000203			WO 1999-FR1774					19990720 <					
														CH,			CZ,
		DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,
		JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,
		MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,
		TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW,	ΑM,	ΑŻ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,
		MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM												
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	ΒE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,
		ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ΒJ,	CF,	CG,
							ML,										
	2781								Fl	R 19	98-93	309		1998	0721	<	
	2781																
	2337																
	9949																
EP	1117																
	R:							FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
						FI,							_				
	2002													1999			
US	2001	0217	58	A:	1 .	2001	0913		U	S 20	01-7	6578	8	2001	0119		-
PRIORIT	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:						FR 1998-9309 A 19980/21 WO 1999-FR1774 W 19990720										
								I	WO 1	999-1	FR17	74	W	1999	0/20		

AB The invention concerns a biocompatible polymer, useful in pharmaceutical and diagnostic compns., consisting of a sequence of identical or different units: AaXxYy, wherein A represents a monomer unit selected from carbohydrates, esters, alcs., acids, amines, and nucleotides; X represents

Snedden 09 889519 a carboxyl group fixed on A; Y represents a sulfate or sulfonate group fixed on A; a represents the no. of A; x represents the substitution degree by the groups X; y represents the substitution degree by the groups Y. A typical polymer was manufd. by polymn. of benzyl malolactonate 24.2, allyl malolactonate 9.3, and 2-Bu malolactonate in the presence of tetraethylammonium benzoate at 37.degree. under N, epoxidn. of the allyl groups on the product with m-chloroperbenzoic acid, hydrogenation of epoxidn. product to remove the benzyl groups, and sulfonation of epoxide groups of the resulting acidic polymer with Na2S2O5. 250375-83-8DP, epoxidized, hydrolyzed, sulfonated RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); IMF (Industrial manufacture); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (biocompatible polymers having carboxy and sulfo groups) 76652-44-3P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (monomer; biocompatible polymers having carboxy and sulfo groups) 250375-83-8P RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (precursor; biocompatible polymers having carboxy and sulfo groups) -THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 3 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L18 ANSWER 2 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 1998:543063 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: 129:175968 DOCUMENT NUMBER: Preparation of water-soluble hydroxysuccinate TITLE: derivatives as matrix metalloproteinase inhibitors Alpegiani, Marco; Palladino, Massimiliano; Corigli, INVENTOR(S): Riccardo; Jabes, Daniela; Perrone, Ettore; Abrate, Francesca; Bissolino, Pierluigi; Lombroso, Marina PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmacia & Upjohn S.p.A., Italy SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 132 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 9833788 A1 19980806 WO 1998-EP531 19980123 <--AU, BR, CA, CN, HU, IL, JP, KR, MX, NO, NZ, PL, UA, US, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE CN 1997-195888 19970620 <--CN 1223636 19990721 Α

ΙT

IT

ΙT

GT

```
AU 9862942
                                            AU 1998-62942
                                                             19980123 <--
                       Α1
                            19980825
     EP 960108
                       Α1
                            19991201
                                            EP 1998-906901
                                                             19980123 <--
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
     JP 2001511139
                       T2
                            20010807
                                            JP 1998-532543
                                                             19980123
     US 6194451
                            20010227
                                            US 1999-355315
                                                             19990730 <--
                       В1
                                         GB 1997-2088
                                                        A 19970131
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                         WO 1998-EP531
                                                          W 19980123
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 129:175968
```

Page 41

AB A title compds. I [W = NHOH or OH, R1 = (un)protected CH2OH, CH2SH, or derivs. thereof; R2 = (un)protected OH; R3, R4 = org. group; R5 = H, Me; NR4R5 = azaheterocyclyl], and the solvates, hydrates and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, can inhibit matrix metalloproteinases (MMP) and the release of tumor necrosis factor (TNF). Processes for producing the compd., intermediates involved in the processes, and pharmaceutical compns. contg. the compd. are also described. Thus II, prepd. in several steps from DL-leucine, dibenzyl malonate, and L-phenylalanine methylamide, inhibited MMP-1, MMP-2, and MMP-3 with Ki = 1.5 nM, 3.1 nM, and 32 nM, resp.

IT 211368-81-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of water-sol. hydroxysuccinate derivs. as matrix

metalloproteinase inhibitors)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L18 ANSWER 3 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:41836 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:116529

TITLE: N-substituted chitosan derivatives and their

preparation

INVENTOR(S): Lohmann, Dieter; Randell, Donald Richard

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba Specialty Chemicals Corporation, USA

SOURCE: U.S., 11 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 36,635,

abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE	
				-
US 5708152	A	19980113	US 1995-451324 19950526	5 <
US 5977330	A	19991102	US 1997-929728 19970915	> ز
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:		CH 1992-981 A 19920327	1
			US 1993-36635 B2 19930324	<u> 1</u>
			US 1995-451324 A3 19950526	ĵ.

AB N-acylated chitosans contg. acid and OH groups in the N-acyl group, useful as humectants and for prevention of the adherence to and(or) formation of solid deposits on inorg. or org. substrates, are manufd. by reaction of chitosans with .beta.-lactones or .beta.-sultones contg. CCl3 groups, which are converted to carboxy groups. Thus, reaction of chitosan gel with R(-)-4-(trichloromethyl)-2-oxetanone in N-methylpyrrolidone 24 h at 55.degree. in presence of LiCl, and hydrolysis of the CCl3 groups in the intermediate gave 69.5% product with carboxy content 3.57 mequiv/g.

IT 76652-44-3DP, Benzyl 2-oxetanone-4-carboxylate, reaction products with chitosan, debenzylated

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(N-substituted chitosan derivs. for humectants and antideposition

agents)

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L18 ANSWER 4 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1997:465027 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

127:81790

TITLE:

Synthesis of carboxamide-derivative matrix

metalloproteinase inhibitors

INVENTOR(S):

Reeve, Maxwell; Bowles, Stephen Arthur

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

British Biotech Pharmaceuticals Limited, UK; Reeve,

Maxwell; Bowles, Stephen Arthur

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

LANGUAGE:

riid 1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAS	TENT NO.		KIND	DATE		AP	PLICATI	ON NO	ο.	DATE				
WO				19970529										
	•	•	•	, CZ, GB,	-	-		-	-					C E
				, DK, ES,									ΡΙ,	25
				19970611										
GB	2321459		A1	19980729		GB	1998-6	358		1996	1118	<		
EP	861226		A1	19980902		EP	1996-9	38374	1	1996	1118	<	-	
EP	861226		B1	20000223										
	R: AT,	BE,	CH, DE	, DK, ES,	FR,	GB,	GR, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	PT,	ΙE,	FI
JP	20005007	59	T2	20000125		JP	1997-5	19481	L	1996	1118	<		
ΑT	189886		Ε	20000315		AT	1996-9	38374	4	1996	1118	<		
ES	2144271		Т3	20000601		ES	1996-9	38374	1	1996	1118	<		
US	5986132		Α	19991116		US	1998-6	8676		1998	0514	<		
IORIT	Y APPLN.	INFO.	:			GB 19	95-2363	37	Α	1995	1118			
						WO 19	96-GB28	20	W	1996	1118			

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 127:81790

GΙ

PR

Ι

The title compds. [I; R1 = (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted alkenyl, (un)substituted alkynyl, phenylalkoxy, etc.; R2 = (un)natural .alpha.-amino acid; R3 = H, alkyl; R4 = H, alkyl, perfluoroalkyl, (un)substituted NH2, (un)substituted Ph or heteroaryl; X = carboxylic acid groups or salts], useful as matrix metalloproteinase inhibitors (no data), are prepd. Thus, 3R-(2,2-dimethyl-1S-methylcarbamoylpropylcarbamoyl)-2S-hydroxy-5-methylhexanohydroxamic acid was prepd. from 2-benzyloxycarbonyl-3R-isobutylsuccinic acid 1-benzyl ester in 6 steps.

IT 191792-09-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

Snedden 09 889519

(intermediate in prepn. of (hydroxycarboxyacyl) amino acid amides as matrix metalloproteinase inhibitors)

L18 ANSWER 5 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:785205 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:59349

Varnish compositions containing biodegradable polymers

and antifouling coating compositions

INVENTOR(S): Tendo, Kazuyoshi; Tai, Seiji; Uejima, Koichi; Tanaka,

Hiroyuki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hitachi Chemical Co Ltd, Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

TITLE:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 07150077 A2 19950613 JP 1993-301598 19931201 <-PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1993-301598 19931201

AB Title compns. contain carboxyl-substituted biodegradable polymers and triazoles and title coatings contain the varnishs and Cu compds. The coatings, which are self-degradable under alk. condition and prevent gelation in the presence Cu compds., are useful for ship, fishing nets, etc. Thus, 25 g-solid varnish comprising 40 parts poly(DL-malic acid) and 60 parts Me2CO was mixed with 250 mg 3-amino-lH-1,2,4-triazole then mixed with 75 g powd. Cu2O to give title coating, which was left at 40.degree. for 20 days to show retention of the thickness.

IT 76653-40-2, Poly(benzyl malolactonate)

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(biodegradable; antifouling coatings contg. carboxyl-substituted biodegradable polymers and triazoles and copper compds.)

L18 ANSWER 6 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:247703 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:247703

TITLE: Preparation and use of N-substituted chitosan

derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Lohmann, Dieter; Randell, Donald Richard

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz. SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 19 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 563013	A2	19930929	EP 1993-810197	19930318 <
EP 563013	A3	19940420		
EP 563013	B1	19970423		•
R: AT, BE,	CH, DE	, FR, GB, IT	, LI, NL, SE	
AT 152132	Ε	19970515	AT 1993-810197	19930318 <
CA 2092513	AA	19930928	CA 1993-2092513	19930325 <
AU 9335511	A1	19930930	AU 1993-35511	19930326 <
AU 658986	B2	19950504		
BR 9301334	Α	19931130	BR 1993-1334	19930326 <
JP 06041202	A2	19940215	JP 1993-69517	19930329 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO	. :		CH 1992-981 A	19920327

```
Chitosans bearing -NHZ1Z2X [Z1 = CO, SO2; Z2 = CHR1R2OH (R1 = H, OH,
AB
     alkoxyl, alkyl; R2 = H, alkyl); X = CO2H, CH2CO2H, CH2PO(OH)2, NHR3 (R3 =
     H, Ac), and, optionally, OZ1Z2X groups, useful as antiblocking and
     antifouling agents and as moisturizers for skin and mucous membranes (no
     data), are prepd. Chitosan (mol. wt. 75,000, Ac group content 4.5%) was
     activated by treatment in 5% AcOH with NaOH, washed, dewatered with
     dioxane, and treated (25 g solids) in 500 mL N-methylpyrrolidone (I)
     contg. 25 g LiCl with 58.9 g (R)-4-(trichloromethyl)-2-oxetanone in 1 L I at room temp., and heated at 55.degree. for 24 h to give a product (II) with Cl-N ratio 3.06. Sapon. of II in aq. NaOH at 0-5.degree. and then at room temp. gave 29.9 g product with H2O content 19.11% and CO2H content
     3.57 mequiv./g. Use of the products as antiagglomerating agents in the
     crystn. of inorg. salts is exemplified.
     76652-44-3DP, reaction products with chitosan
ΙT
     RL: PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
         (prepn. and use of)
L18 ANSWER 7 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                           1981:516201 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          95:116201
TITLE:
                          Malic acid polymers
                          Lenz, Robert W.; Vert, Michel
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          Research Corp. , USA
SOURCE:
                          U.S., 6 pp.
                          CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                           Patent
                           English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
                                              APPLICATION NO. DATE
                             _____
                                              _____
     ______
                       ____
                                           US 1979-92183 19791107 <--
US 1979-92183 19791107
     US 4265247 A
                              19810505
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
     Polymers contg. pendant carboxy groups are prepd. from .beta.-malolactone
     or its derivs. and can be used as absorbable sutures or drug carriers for
     slow-release medications. Thus, malolactonic acid benzyl ester [
     76652-44-3] (prepd. from bromosuccinic acid [923-06-8] by way of
     the monobenzyl ester) was polymd. in an inert atm. in the presence of
     catalysts such as betaine [107-43-7] to give a polymer [76653-75-3] (m.
     80.degree.) in 55% yield after 21 days at room temp. The side chain
     benzyl group was selectively cleaved to the corresponding free carboxylic
     acid by catalytic hydrogenolysis. Thus, poly(.beta.-malic acid)
     [78666-19-0] was isolated as a hygroscopic white powder.
     76653-40-2P
ΙT
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
         (prepn. and conversion to poly(.beta.-malic acid))
IT
     76652-44-3P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (prepn. and polymn. of)
L18 ANSWER 8 OF 8 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          1981:481774 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                           95:81774
TITLE:
                           Polymers from alkoxycarbonylpropiolactone for
                           absorbable surgical goods
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                           Research Corp., USA
SOURCE:
                           Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
                           CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                           Patent
LANGUAGE:
                           Japanese
```

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

Snedden 09 889519

```
APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                            DATE
     JP 56026929
                       Α2
                            19810316
                                            JP 1979-100800
                                                             19790809 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                         JP 1979-100800
                                                             19790809
GI
0
       CO2CH2Ph I
     Polymers derived from 4-alkoxycarbonyl-2-oxetanone or its derivs. are
AB
     useful as materials for absorbable sutures. Thus, a mixt. of 1 mol
     4-benzyloxycarbonyl-2-oxetanone (I) and 0.001 mol betaine [107-43-7] was
     stirred 21 days at room temp. to give 55% polymer [76653-40-2]
     having mol. wt. 7000 and m.p. 80.degree..
     76653-40-2P
IΤ
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (manuf. of, for absorbable sutures)
=>
≕>
=> select hit rn 118 1-8
E32 THROUGH E36 ASSIGNED
=> fil reg
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:13:32 ON 28 JAN 2004
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 American Chemical Society (ACS)
Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file
provided by InfoChem.
STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES:
                          27 JAN 2004
                                       HIGHEST RN 642407-31-6
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 27 JAN 2004
                                       HIGHEST RN 642407-31-6
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2003
  Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
  conducting SmartSELECT searches.
Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.
Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more
information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer
to the file summary sheet on the web at:
http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html
=>
=>
=> s e32-e36
             1 76652-44-3/BI
```

(76652-44-3/RN)

1 76653-40-2/BI (76653-40-2/RN) 1 250375-83-8/BI (250375-83-8/RN) 1 191792-09-3/BI (191792-09-3/RN) 1 211368-81-9/BI (211368-81-9/RN) 5 (76652-44-3/BI OR 76653-40-2/BI OR 250375-83-8/BI OR 191792-09-3 /BI OR 211368-81-9/BI)

=> =>

=> fil reg
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:14:47 ON 28 JAN 2004
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 27 JAN 2004 HIGHEST RN 642407-31-6
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 27 JAN 2004 HIGHEST RN 642407-31-6

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> fil hcaplus FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:14:50 ON 28 JAN 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 28 Jan 2004 VOL 140 ISS 5 FILE LAST UPDATED: 27 Jan 2004 (20040127/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> select hit rn 116 1-10

E37 THROUGH E45 ASSIGNED

MF

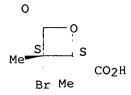
SR LC C6 H7 Br O4

STN Files:

CA, CAPLUS

=> fil rea FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:14:58 ON 28 JAN 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 American Chemical Society (ACS) Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem. 27 JAN 2004 HIGHEST RN 642407-31-6 STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 27 JAN 2004 HIGHEST RN 642407-31-6 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2003 Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches. Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details. Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html => => => s e37-e451 90730-97-5/BI (90730-97-5/RN) 1 168037-32-9/BI (168037-32-9/RN) 1 100494-60-8/BI (100494-60-8/RN) 1 171866-63-0/BI (171866-63-0/RN) 1 340829-88-1/BI (340829-88-1/RN) 1 340829-89-2/BI (340829-89-2/RN) 1 76432-75-2/BI (76432-75-2/RN) 1 85548-57-8/BI (85548-57-8/RN) 1 85548-58-9/BI (85548-58-9/RN) L21 9 (90730-97-5/BI OR 168037-32-9/BI OR 100494-60-8/BI OR 171866-63-O/BI OR 340829-88-1/BI OR 340829-89-2/BI OR 76432-75-2/BI OR 85548-57-8/BI OR 85548-58-9/BI) => d ide can 121 1-9 L21 ANSWER 1 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN RN 340829-89-2 REGISTRY 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 3-bromo-2,3-dimethyl-4-oxo-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME) FS STEREOSEARCH

Relative stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:38867

REFERENCE 2: 135:5286

L21 ANSWER 2 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN **340829-88-1** REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 3-bromo-2,3-dimethyl-4-oxo-, (2R,3S)-rel- (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

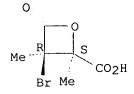
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C6 H7 Br O4

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Relative stereochemistry.



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 138:38867

REFERENCE 2: 135:5286

L21 ANSWER 3 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 171866-63-0 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo-, polymer with 3,6-dimethyl-1,4-dioxane-2,5-dione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1,4-Dioxane-2,5-dione, 3,6-dimethyl-, polymer with 4-oxo-2-

oxetanecarboxylic acid (9CI) (C6 H8 O4 . C4 H4 O4)x

MF (C6 H CI PMS

PCT Polyester, Polyester formed

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

CM 1

CRN 90730-97-5 CMF C4 H4 O4

0

CO₂H

CM 2

CRN 95-96-5 CMF C6 H8 O4

Me Me

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 124:37707

L21 ANSWER 4 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 168037-32-9 REGISTRY

CN threo-Pentaric acid, 3-C-carboxy-2-chloro-2,4-dideoxy-, 5,3-lactone (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 85548-55-6

MF C6 H5 Cl O6

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Relative stereochemistry.

0

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 123:198258

REFERENCE 2: 99:38304

L21 ANSWER 5 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 100494-60-8 REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetaneacetic acid, 2-carboxy-4-oxo-, polymer with 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene, .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyI-1,2-ethanediyl)], 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

- CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-hydroxyethyl ester, polymer with 2-carboxy-4-oxo-2-oxetaneacetic acid, 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene, .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)] and 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid (9CI)
- CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2-carboxy-4-oxo-2-oxetaneacetic acid, 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene, .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)] and 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI)
- CN Benzene, 1,3-diisocyanatomethyl-, polymer with 2-carboxy-4-oxo-2-oxetaneacetic acid, .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid (9CI)
- CN Poly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)], .alpha.-hydro-.omega.-hydroxy-, polymer with 2-carboxy-4-oxo-2-oxetaneacetic acid, 1,3-diisocyanatomethylbenzene, 2-hydroxyethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and 2-methyl-2-propenoic acid (9CI)

MF (C9 H6 N2 O2 . C6 H10 O3 . C6 H6 O6 . C4 H6 O2 . (C3 H6 O)n H2 O)x

CI PMS

PCT Polyacrylic, Polyester, Polyester formed, Polyether, Polyurethane, Polyurethane formed

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 100494-59-5 CMF C6 H6 O6

CO2H

CM 2

CRN 26471-62-5 CMF C9 H6 N2 O2 CCI IDS

D1-Me

CM 3 CRN 25322-69-4

CMF (C3 H6 O)n H2 O

CCI IDS, PMS

$$HO = \begin{bmatrix} C3H6 & O \end{bmatrix}_n H$$

CM 4

CRN 868-77-9 CMF C6 H10 O3

$$^{\rm H_2C}$$
 O $^{\rm H_2}$ $^{\rm H_$

CM 5

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 104:90089

L21 ANSWER 6 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN **90730-97-5** REGISTRY

CN 2-Oxetanecarboxylic acid, 4-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Malic acid, .beta.-lactone (6CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN 4-0xo-2-oxetanecarboxylic acid

CN Malolactonic acid

FS 3D CONCORD

DR 137257-52-4

MF C4 H4 O4

CI COM

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER (*File contains numerically searchable property data)

CO2H

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

7 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

3 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

7 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 137:353339

REFERENCE 2: 133:182803

REFERENCE 3: 132:322157

REFERENCE 4: 127:81855

REFERENCE 5: 124:344800

REFERENCE 6: 123:170439

REFERENCE 7: 54:37583

L21 ANSWER 7 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN **85548-58-9** REGISTRY

CN D-erythro-Pentaric acid, 3-C-carboxy-4-chloro-2,4-dideoxy-, 1,3-lactone

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C6 H5 C1 O6

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 99:38304

L21 ANSWER 8 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN **85548-57-8** REGISTRY

CN L-threo-Pentaric acid, 3-C-carboxy-2-chloro-2,4-dideoxy-, 5,3-lactone

(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C6 H5 C1 O6

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 99:38304

L21 ANSWER 9 OF 9 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN **76432-75-2** REGISTRY

CN erythro-Pentaric acid, 3-C-carboxy-2-chloro-2,4-dideoxy-, 5,3-lactone (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN DL-erythro-Pentaric acid, 3-C-carboxy-2-chloro-2,4-dideoxy-, 5,3-lactone

MF C6 H5 C1 O6

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 94:83631